

WEEKLY CAREER BULLETIN

(Information related to Employment & Career)

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TRIPURA RECRUITMENT NOTIFICATION

- ❖ Tripura police has announced for recruitment to the post of **Constable** (Men & Women) (Total vacancy=1000). Recruitment rally will start from 10.11.2022.

For detailed notification please visit

www.tripurapolice.gov.in

or

<https://tripurapolice.gov.in/files/uploaded-file/Recruitment%20constable%20men%20and%20women.pdf>

- ❖ Sri Arabinda General Degree College, **Kunjaban**, Agartala has notified for recruitment to the posts of **Guest Lecturer** in English, Bengali, History, Political Science, Economics, Sociology and information Technology through **walk in interview on 28-10-2022 from 11.00am to 3.00 pm**. Interested candidate may appear before interview board with all necessary testimonial in original & photocopy of the same along with an application in plain paper at the said venue. Details can be seen at the Daily Dainik Sambad dated 26-10-2022(Wednesday).

ALL INDIA EMPLOYMENT/RECRUITMENT NOTIFICATION

- ❖ Agricultural Scientists Recruitment Board (ASRB) invites applications for filling up **349 Non-**

Research Management (Non RMPs) Positions to be filled up on tenure basis for a period of five years in different locations at ICAR Research institutes. **The last date to apply Online is 11-11-2022, 05.00 PM.**

For details please visit

<http://www.asrb.org.in/vacancy>

or

<http://www.asrb.org.in/images/Vacancy-Notification-Advt-No.-02-2022-for-Non-RMP-Positions.pdf>

- ❖ Oil and Natural Gas Corporation (ONGC) has advertised a notification for the recruitment of **Executives (Finance & Accounts Officer, Marine Officer and Secretariat Executive)** (Total vacancy=56). The last date to submit Online Application is **07-11-2022**.

For details please visit

<https://www.ongcindia.com/>

or

<https://ongcindia.com/web/eng/career/recruitment-notice>

Or

<https://ongcindia.com/web/eng/detail?assetEntry=5880289&assetClassPK=5880283>

- ❖ National Informatics Centre (NIC) has advertised a notification for the recruitment of **Scientist (F, E, D, and C)** (Total vacancies=127). The last date for submission of Online Application is **21-11-2022**.

For details please visit

<https://recruitment.nic.in>

Or

https://nielit.gov.in/.../10/20221020_Advt_NIC_Scientist.pdf

- ❖ **Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited (BHEL)** has advertised a notification for the recruitment of Position - **Engineer Trainee** (Civil or Mechanical or IT or Electrical or Chemical or Metallurgy) & **Executive Trainee** (Finance) & Executive Trainee (HR) (Total vacancies=150). The last date to apply Online is 15-11-2022.

For more details please visit the website

<https://careers.bhel.in>

Or

<https://careers.bhel.in/bhel/jsp/#openings>

or

https://careers.bhel.in/et_2022/static/et_2022_ET%202022%20-Detailed%20Online%20Ad.pdf

- ❖ **National Technical Research Organization (NTRO)** has announced a Notification for the recruitment of **IT Professionals/ Engineers as Consultant** (Total vacancies=61). The last date to apply Online is 07-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://ntro.gov.in>

Or

<https://ntro.gov.in/ntroWeb/loadRecruitmentsHome.do>

- ❖ **State Bank of India (SBI)** has published notification for the recruitment of **Circle Based Officer (CBO)** (Total vacancies=1422). The last date to apply Online is 07-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://www.sbi.co.in/web/careers#littest>

Or

https://www.sbi.co.in/documents/77530/25386736/17102022_Final+Advertisement.pdf/0399e3a4-4e16-af69-c270-f61c385d01a6?t=1666017092279

- ❖ **Airports Authority of India (AAI)** has Given an Employment Notification for the Recruitment of **Junior Assistant & Senior Assistant** (Total vacancies=55). The last date to apply Online is 14-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://www.aai.aero/en/careers/recruitment>

- ❖ **Bank of Baroda (BOB)** has Announced a Notification for the Recruitment of **IT-Professional** (Senior Developer, Developer & Other) Vacancy on Contract Basis (Total vacancies=60). The last date to apply Online is 09-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://www.bankofbaroda.in/career/current-opportunities>

Or

<https://www.bankofbaroda.in/career/current-opportunities/recruitment-of-it-professionals-for-it-department-on-fixed>

- ❖ **Indian Post Sports/ Department of Posts (DOP)** has Announced a Notification for the recruitment of **Postal/ Sorting Assistant, Postman, Mail Guard & MTS** (Total vacancies=188). The last date to apply Online is 30-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://www.indiapost.gov.in/vas/Pages/Content/Recruitments.aspx?Category=Recruitment>

Or

https://www.indiapost.gov.in/VAS/Pages/Recruitment/IP_22102022_GJ_Eng.pdf

- ❖ **Indian Council of Forestry Research & Education (ICFRE)** has advertised a notification for the recruitment of **Conservator Of Forest & Dy.Conservator Of Forest** (Total vacancies=48). The last date to apply Online is 22-11-2022.

For details please visit

<https://icfre.gov.in/recruitment>

Or

<https://icfre.gov.in/vacancy/vacancy715.pdf>

CAREER TIPS

Bharat Ratna Award: List of recipients (1954-2021)



Yr	Laur eates	Brief Description
1954	C. Rajagopalachari	An Indian independence activist, statesman, and lawyer, Rajagopalachari was the only Indian and last Governor-General of independent India. He was Chief Minister of Madras Presidency (1937–39) and Madras State (1952–54); and founder of the Indian political party Swatantra Party.
	Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan	He served as India's first Vice-President (1952–62) and second President (1962–67). Since 1962, his birthday on 5 September is observed as "Teachers' Day" in India.
	C. V. Raman	Widely known for his work on the scattering of light and the discovery of the effect, better known as "Raman scattering", Raman mainly worked in the field of atomic physics and electromagnetism and was presented Nobel Prize in Physics in 1930.
1955	Bhagwan Das	Independence activist, philosopher, and educationist, and co-founder of Mahatma Gandhi Kashi Vidyapithand worked with Madan Mohan Malaviya for the foundation of Banaras Hindu University.
	M. Visvesvaraya	Civil engineer, statesman, and Diwan of Mysore (1912–18), he was a Knight Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire. His birthday, 15 September, is observed as "Engineer's Day" in India.
	Jawaharlal Nehru	Independence activist and author, Nehru is the first and the longest-serving Prime Minister of India (1947–64).
1957	Govind Ballabh Pant	Independent activist Pant was premier of United Provinces (1937–39, 1946–50) and first Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh (1950–54). He served as Union Home Minister from 1955–61.
1958	Dhondo Keshav Karve	Social reformer and educator, Karve is widely known for his works related to women's education and remarriage of Hindu widows. He established the Widow Marriage Association (1883), Hindu Widows Home (1896), and started Shreemati Nathibai Damodar Thackersey Women's University in 1916.

1961	Bidhan Chandra Roy	A physician, political leader, philanthropist, educationist, and social worker, Roy is often considered as "Maker of Modern West Bengal". He was the second Chief Minister of West Bengal (1948–62) and his birthday on 1 July is observed as National Doctors' Day in India.
	Purushottam Das Tandon	Often titled "Rajarshi", Tandon was an independence activist and served as speaker of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly (1937–50). He was actively involved in a campaign to get official language status to Hindi.
1962	Rajendra Prasad	Independence activist, lawyer, statesman, and scholar, Prasad was closely associated with Mahatma Gandhi in the non-cooperation movement for Indian independence. He was later elected as the first President of India (1950–62).
1963	Zakir Husain	Independence activist, economist, and education philosopher, Husain served as a Vice-Chancellor of Aligarh Muslim University (1948–56) and the Governor of Bihar (1957–62). Later, he was elected as second Vice-President of India (1962–67) and went on to become the third President of India (1967–69).
	Pandurang Vaman Kane	Indologist and Sanskrit scholar, Kane is best known for his five-volume literary work, History of Dharmasastra: Ancient and Medieval Religious and Civil Law in India; the "monumental" work that extends over nearly 6,500 pages and was published from 1930 to 1962.
1966	Lal Bahadur Shastri	Known for his slogan "Jai Jawan Jai Kisan" ("Hail the Soldier, Hail the Farmer"), Independence activist Shastri served as second Prime Minister of India (1964–66) and led the country during the Indo-Pakistani War of 1965.
1971	Indira Gandhi	Known as the "Iron Lady of India", Gandhi was the Prime Minister of India during 1966–77 and 1980–84. During the Indo-Pakistani War of 1971, her government supported the Bangladesh Liberation War which led to the formation of a new country, Bangladesh.
1975	V. V. Giri	While studying at the University College Dublin, Giri was involved in the Irish Sinn Fein movement. Returning to India, he organized labour unions and brought them to take active participation in the Indian freedom struggle. He was elected as the first President of the All India Trade Union Congress in 1926. Post-independence, Giri held positions of Governor of Uttar Pradesh, Kerala and Mysore and various other cabinet ministries. He became the first acting President and was eventually elected as the fourth President of India (1969–74).

1976	K. Kamaraj	Independence activist and statesman Kamaraj was a former Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu for three terms; 1954–57, 1957–62, and 1962–63.
1980	Mother Teresa	"Saint Mother Teresa of Calcutta" was a catholic nun and the founder of the Missionaries of Charity. She was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for her humanitarian work in 1979 and was beatified on 19 October 2003 by Pope John Paul II and canonized on 4 September 2016 by Pope Francis.
1983	Vinoba Bhave	Independence activist, social reformer, and a close associate of Mahatma Gandhi, Bhave is best known for his Bhoodan movement, "Land-Gift Movement". He was given the honorific title "Acharya" ("teacher") and was awarded the Ramon Magsaysay Award (1958) for his humanitarian work.
1987	Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan	Widely known as "Frontier Gandhi", independence activist and Pashtun leader Khan was a follower of Mahatma Gandhi. He joined Khilafat Movement in 1920 and founded Khudai Khidmatgar ("Red Shirt movement") in 1929.
1988	M. G. Ramachandran	Actor turned politician Ramachandran served as Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu for three terms; 1977–80, 1980–84, and 1985–87.
1990	B. R. Ambedkar	Social reformer and leader of the Dalits ("Untouchables"), Ambedkar was the Chief architect of the Indian Constitution and also served as the first Law Minister of India. Ambedkar predominantly campaigned against social discrimination with Dalits, the Hindu varna system. He was associated with the Dalit Buddhist movement and accepted Buddhism as a religion along with his close to half a million followers on 14 October 1956.
	Nelson Mandela	Leader of the Anti-Apartheid Movement in South Africa, Mandela was the President of South Africa (1994–99). Often called the "Gandhi of South Africa", Mandela's African National Congress movement was influenced by Gandhian philosophy. In 1993, he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.
1991	Rajiv Gandhi	Gandhi was the ninth Prime Minister of India serving from 1984 to 1989.
	Vallabhbhai Patel	Widely known as the "Iron Man of India", Patel was an independence activist and first Deputy Prime Minister of India (1947–50). Post-independence, "Sardar" ("Leader") Patel worked with V. P. Menon towards dissolving 555 princely states into the Indian union.

	Morarji Desai	Independence activist Desai was the sixth Prime Minister of India (1977–79). He is the only Indian national to be awarded the Nishan-e-Pakistan, the highest civilian award given by the Government of Pakistan.
1992	Abul Kalam Azad	Independence activist Azad was India's first Minister of Education and worked towards free primary education. He was widely known as "Maulana Azad" and his birthday on 11 November is observed as National Education Day in India.
	J. R. D. Tata	Industrialist, philanthropist, and aviation pioneer, Tata founded India's first airline Air India. He is the founder of various institutes including Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Tata Memorial Hospital, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Tata Motors, TCS, National Institute of Advanced Studies, and National Centre for the Performing Arts.
	Satyajit Ray	Having debuted as a director with Pather Panchali (1955), film-maker Ray is credited with bringing world recognition to Indian cinema. In 1984, Ray was awarded the Dadasaheb Phalke Award, India's highest award in cinema.
Bharat Ratna 1997	Gulzarilal Nanda	Independence activist Nanda was two times interim Prime Minister of India (1964, 1966) and two times deputy chairman of the Planning Commission.
	Aruna Asaf Ali	Independence activist Ali is better known for hoisting the Indian flag in Bombay during the Quit India Movement in 1942. Post-Independence, Ali was elected as Delhi's first mayor in 1958.
	A. P. J. Abdul Kalam	Aerospace and defence scientist, Kalam was involved in the development of India's first satellite launch vehicle SLV III and was the architect of the Integrated Guided Missile Development Program. He worked for Indian National Committee for Space Research, Indian Space Research Organisation, Defence Research and Development Laboratory and was appointed as the Scientific Advisor to the Defence Minister, Secretary to Department of Defence Research and Development and Director General of Defence Research and Development Organisation. Later, he served as the eleventh President of India from 2002 till 2007.
1998	M. S. Subbulakshmi	Carnatic classical vocalist Subbulakshmi also called "Queen of songs", is the first Indian musician to receive the Ramon Magsaysay award.

	Chidambaram Subramaniam	Independence activist and former Minister of Agriculture of India (1964–66), Subramaniam is known for his contribution towards Green Revolution in India. During the late 1970s, he worked for International Rice Research Institute, Manila, and the International Maize and Wheat Research Institute, Mexico.
1999	Jayaprakash Narayan	Independence activist, social reformer, and commonly referred to as "Lok Nayak" ("People's Hero"), Narayan is better known for "Total Revolution Movement" or "JP Movement" initiated during the mid-1970s to "overthrow the corrupt and exploitative Congress government".
	Amartya Sen	Winner of the Nobel Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences (1998), Sen has done research on several topics including social choice theory, ethics and political philosophy, welfare economics, decision theory, development economics, public health, and gender studies.
	Gopinath Bordoloi	Independence activist Bordoloi is the first Chief Minister of Assam (1946–50). His efforts and association with the then Minister of Home Affairs Vallabhbhai Patel were widely acknowledged while keeping Assam united with India when parts of it were to merge with East Pakistan.
	Ravi Shankar	Winner of four Grammy Awards and often considered "the world's best-known exponent of Hindustani classical music", sitar player Shankar is known for his collaborative work with Western musicians including Yehudi Menuhin and George Harrison.
2001	Lata Mangeshkar	Widely credited as the "nightingale of India", playback singer Mangeshkar started her career in the 1940s and has sung songs in over 36 languages. In 1989, Mangeshkar was awarded the Dadasaheb Phalke Award, India's highest award in cinema.
	Bismillah Khan	Hindustani classical shehnai player, Khan played the instrument for more than eight decades and is credited to have brought the instrument to the centre stage of Indian music.
2009	Bhimsen Joshi	Hindustani classical vocalist, Joshi was a disciple of Kirana Gharana, an Indian musical school. He is widely known for the Khyal genre of singing with a "mastery over rhythm and accurate notes".[
2014	C. N. R. Rao	The recipient of Honorary Doctorates from 63 Universities including Purdue, IIT Bombay, Oxford, chemist and professor Rao has worked prominently in the fields of Solid State and Materials Chemistry, Spectroscopy and Molecular Structure. He has authored around 1600 research papers and 48 books.

	Sachin Tendulkar	He played 664 international cricket matches in a career spanning over two decades. He holds various cricket records including the only player to have scored one hundred international centuries, the first batsman to score a double century in a One Day International and the only player to complete more than 30,000 runs in both ODI and Test cricket.
2015	Madan Mohan Malaviya	Scholar and educational reformer Malaviya is a founder of Akhil Bharatiya Hindu Mahasabha (1906) and Banaras Hindu University and served as the university's vice-chancellor from 1919 till 1938. He was the President of the Indian National Congress for four terms and was the Chairman of the Hindustan Times from 1924 to 1946.
	Atal Bihari Vajpayee	Parliamentarian for over four decades, Vajpayee was elected nine times to the Lok Sabha, twice to the Rajya Sabha and served as the Prime Minister of India for three terms; 1996, 1998, 1999–2004. He was Minister of External Affairs during 1977–79 and was awarded the "Best Parliamentarian" in 1994.
2019	Pranab Mukherjee	He is an Indian politician who served as the 13th President of India from 2012 until 2017. He has been a senior leader in the Indian National Congress and has occupied several ministerial portfolios in the Government of India. Prior to his election as President, he was Union Finance Minister from 2009 to 2012.
	Nanaji Deshmukh	He was a social activist from India. He worked in the fields of education, health, and rural self-reliance. He was a member of RSS, a leader of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh, and also a member of the Rajya Sabha. He was honoured with the Padma Vibhushan in 1999. India's first Saraswati Shishu Mandir was established by him at Gorakhpur in 1950.
	Bhupen Hazarika	He was an Indian playback singer, lyricist, musician, singer, poet and film-maker from Assam, widely known as Sudhakantha. Before he got Bharat Rata (India's highest civilian award), he received the National Film Award for Best Music Direction in 1975. Recipient of Sangeet Natak Akademi Award (1987), Padmashri (1977), and Padmabhushan (2001), and also awarded with Dada Saheb Phalke Award (1992).

Ref: https://www.jagranjosh.com/general-knowledge/bharat-ratna-award-list-of-recipient-1384938917-1?ref=list_gk

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